

## **EOR #2**Chapter 3 Reading Guide



Intro

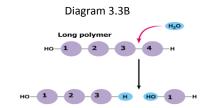
- A) What are the symptoms of **lactose intolerance** and how common is this condition in the US?
- B) What exactly causes a person to be lactose intolerant and discuss how these individuals can control their symptoms?

3.1

- A) Define what constitutes an **organic** compound?
- B) Draw diagrams of 3 example organic compounds ... each one having a different structural shape (i.e., branching, double bonds, ring)

3.3

- A) List the 4 main macromolecules of life?
- B) Compare a monomer to a polymer?



C) Check all that apply for each type of chemical reaction

	<b>Hydrolysis Reaction</b>	Dehydration Reaction
makes polymers from monomers		
add water to monomers		
removes water from polymers		
breaks polymers into monomers		
requires the use of <b>enzymes</b>		
lactose intolerant people cannot do this		
Diagram 3.3B		

3.4

A) List an example of a monosaccharide and then write the formula for a monosaccharide with 5 carbon atoms?

3.6

A) Explain how high-fructose corn syrup is made from corn and why is it used in sodas instead of pure glucose?

3.7

- A) What do the carbohydrates starch, glycogen, and cellulose have in common?
- B) Which of the 3 carbohydrates above is commonly known as "insoluble fiber" and WHY?

3.8 A) What chemical trait do all <b>lipids</b> share in common?		
B) A typical fat molecule is made from <b>1</b>	and <b>3</b>	?
C) Explain the difference between a <b>saturated</b> and <b>un</b>	nsaturated fat?	

3.9

A) Explain 2 ways that animals use **cholesterol** lipids in their bodies?

## 3.11 Fill out the table below to summarize the 8 types of proteins

Protein type	FUNCTION or job in a cell	Example
1) enzyme		
2) structural protein		
3) contractile protein		
4) defensive protein		
5) signal protein		
6) receptor protein		
7) transport protein		
8) storage protein		

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A) What is the monomer of a protein called and how many different varieties do they come in?

3.13

A) Explain what happens to a protein if it becomes **denatured**?

3.16

A) What type of polymer molecule are "genes" made from and what is the monomer of this type of molecule?